

$\vec{E}$  pts away from pos. source charges & towards negative source charges.

Lines of charge are same dist. from P,  $\therefore$  they have the same magnitude.

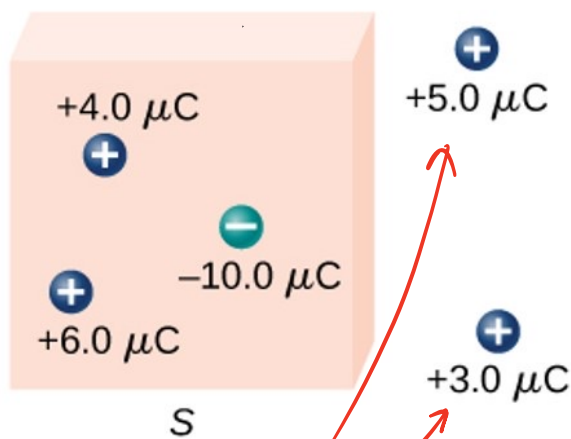
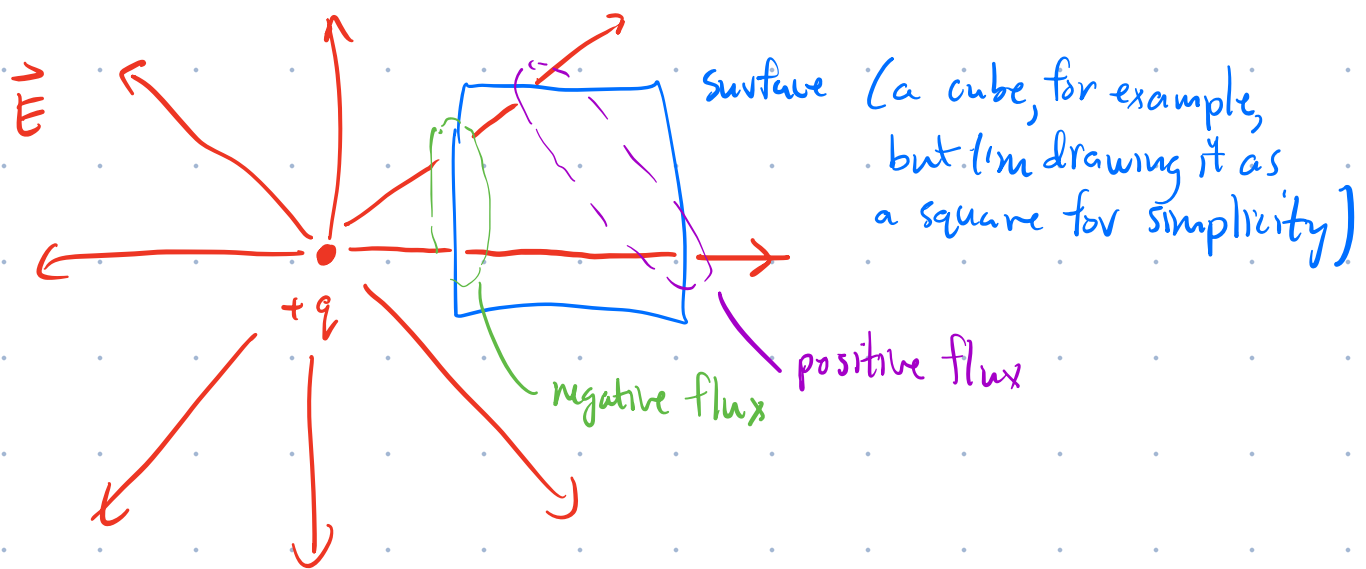
The vertical components of  $\vec{E}_+$  &  $\vec{E}_-$  cancel.

The horizontal components add.

$\therefore \vec{E}_{\text{net}}$  pts horizontally to the right ( $\hat{x}$  dir'n)

2. From Gauss's law, know  $\Phi_E = \frac{q_{\text{encl}}}{\epsilon_0}$

for closed surfaces. Here,  $q_{\text{encl}}$  is the total charge enclosed by the surface. It does not include the nearby charge that is outside the surface. For these charges, every  $\vec{E}$  field line that enters the surface also leaves the surface  $\uparrow$  therefore contributes no net flux.



In this figure:

$$q_{\text{encl}} = (4 + 6 - 10) \mu\text{C} = 0 \mu\text{C}.$$

$$\therefore \Phi_E = \frac{q_{\text{encl}}}{\epsilon_0} = 0$$

outside surface  $S$ ,  $\therefore$  they contribute no flux.